



**To All Members of the Working Practices Committee,**

You are summoned to a meeting of the **Working Practices Committee** on **Wednesday 18 May 2022 at 7.30pm** at the Billingshurst Centre.

Members of the public are welcome to attend this meeting and speak for a maximum of three minutes about an item on the agenda for this meeting during the Public Session at the discretion of the Chairman.

  
**G.C. Burt**  
**Clerk to the Council**

**12 May 2022**

## **A G E N D A**

1. Chairman's Announcements
2. Apologies for Absence.
3. Receive Declarations of Interest and Notification of Changes to Members' Interests.
4. Public Session.
5. Approval of the Minutes of the Meeting held on 16 March 2022, previously sent.
6. Matters Arising, not separate agenda items.
7. To ratify new: Data Subject Access Request Policy & Procedure - Appendix A  
Privacy Notice - Appendix B
8. To approve relocating Neighbourhood Wardens to Parish Office - Appendix C
9. Exclusion of Press and Public
10. To consider various staffing matters – Appendix D.
11. Any other matters for information only.

Date of Next Meeting – Wednesday 13 July 2022

**Members of the public should be aware that being present at a meeting of the Council or one of its Committees or Sub-Committees will be deemed as the person having given consent to being recorded (photograph, film or audio recording) at the meeting, by any person present.**

**MEMBERS: DH, PB, RM, CG, DW**

## Billingshurst Parish Council

### Data Subject Access Request Policy & Procedure

April 2022

#### 1. Introduction

This Policy sets out the obligations of Billingshurst Parish Council ("the Council") regarding data subject access requests under the Data Protection Legislation (defined below).

This Policy also provides guidance on the handling of data subject access requests. The procedures and principles set out herein must be followed at all times by the Council, its employees, members, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Council.

#### 2. Definitions

"data controller"	means the person or organisation which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data. For the purposes of this Policy, the Council is the data controller of all personal data used in our organisation;
"data processor"	means a person or organisation which processes personal data on behalf of a data controller;
"Data Protection Legislation"	means all applicable data protection and privacy laws including, but not limited to, the UK GDPR, the Data Protection Act 2018, and any other applicable national laws, regulations, and secondary legislation in England and Wales concerning the processing of personal data or the privacy of electronic communications, as amended, replaced, or updated from time to time;
"data subject"	means a living, identified, or identifiable individual about whom the Council holds personal data;
"personal data"	means any information relating to a data subject who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, identification number, location data, an online identifier, or to one or more factors specific to

	the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural, or social identity of that data subject;
"processing"	means any operation or set of operations performed on personal data or sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction; and
"special category personal data"	means personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, health, sexual life, sexual orientation, biometric, or genetic data.

### 3. Scope of Policy

- 3.1. The Clerk is responsible for administering this Policy; for developing and implementing any applicable related policies (including those referred to in this Policy), procedures, and/or guidelines; for ensuring that all data subject access requests are handled in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation; and for ensuring that all employees, members, agents, contractors, or other parties working on behalf of the Council have an understanding of the Data Protection Legislation and their obligations under it as it applies to their role(s).
- 3.2. The Council collects, holds, and processes personal data about but not limited to, volunteers, members of the public, staff, business representatives, public sector workers, third sector workers, councillors, contractors and registrars. The Council is a 'data controller' for the purposes of the Data Protection Legislation.
- 3.3. Data subjects have rights with respect to their personal data under the Data Protection Legislation. This Policy deals specifically with the right of access (Article 15 of the UK GDPR). Data subjects have the right to find out whether the Council collects, holds, or processes personal data about them, the right to obtain a copy of any such data, and certain other supplementary information. The right of access is designed to help data subjects to understand how and why we use their data, and to check that we are doing so lawfully.
- 3.4. This Policy is an internal Council policy designed to provide guidance on handling data subject access requests. It is not a data protection policy, privacy policy, privacy notice, or similar, and is not designed to be made available to third parties (including, but not limited to, data subjects). This

Policy should, where appropriate, be read in conjunction with the Council's Privacy Notice.

- 3.5. Any questions relating to this Policy, the Council's collection, processing, or holding of personal data, or to the Data Protection Legislation should be referred to the Clerk.
  - 3.6. Parts 1 to 4 and Parts 14 to 16 of this Policy apply to all staff and Parts 5 to 13 apply to staff authorised to handle data subject access requests.
4. How to Recognise a Data Subject Access Request
- 4.1. The Data Protection Legislation does not set out a particular format which a data subject access request (hereafter "SAR") must follow. A SAR may be made orally or in writing, to any part of the Council, and by any means of communication. A SAR does not need to use the words 'subject access request', 'data protection', 'personal data' or similar terms, or refer to Article 15 of the UK GDPR (or the EU GDPR). This means that anyone in the Council could receive a SAR and it may not be immediately obvious that a SAR has been received.
  - 4.2. Data subjects are under no obligation to use any specific form and care must be taken at all times to identify SARs made in other ways.
  - 4.3. SARs may instead use more general terminology, using terms such as 'information' rather than 'personal data'. For example, a message sent to the Council via social media such as 'please provide details of all the information you have about me' will be a valid SAR and must be treated in the same way as a more formal communication referring specifically to a 'subject access request' and data subjects' rights under the UK GDPR.
  - 4.4. Individuals may make SARs on their own behalf. It is also possible to make an SAR via a third party:
    - 4.4.a. This may be a solicitor making a request on behalf of a client, or it may be one private individual making the request on behalf of another. This is permissible, but you must be satisfied that the individual making the request has the authority to act on behalf of the data subject concerned.
    - 4.4.b. In certain limited cases, an individual may not have the mental capacity to manage their own affairs. In these cases, the Mental Capacity Act 2005 enables a third party to make a SAR on behalf of that individual.
    - 4.4.c. Adults, such as parents or guardians, may make SARs on behalf of children. The right of access itself, however, remains the child's right. When dealing with a SAR about a child it is important to consider whether that child is mature enough to understand their rights. If so, a response directly to the child should be considered. It may, however, be permissible to allow the adult to exercise the child's

right on the child's behalf if the child has given their authorisation, or if it is evident that doing so is in the child's best interests.

- 4.4.d. When a SAR is identified, or if a communication or request is received and you are in anyway unsure whether or not it is a SAR, it should be immediately forwarded to the Clerk as set out below in Part 5.

## 5. What to do When a Subject Access Request is Received

- 5.1. The Council has a limited timeframe within which to respond to a SAR, so it is important to act quickly.
- 5.2. Unless you are authorised to handle a SAR, it must be forwarded to the Clerk immediately, as set out in this Part 5. Please do not take any further action with respect to any SAR unless you are authorised to do so.
- 5.3. SARs may come in any form. This will determine how to forward the SAR to the appropriate member of staff:
  - 5.3.a. For SARs received by email or via social media, the message or a link, if appropriate, must be forwarded immediately to the Clerk.
  - 5.3.b. For SARs received by post or in any other hardcopy form, the SAR should first be scanned and emailed immediately to the Clerk and the original sent to the same recipient using the most direct and secure means possible (e.g. in person, by courier if available, or by Royal Mail Special Delivery Guaranteed).
  - 5.3.c. For SARs made verbally, the name and contact details of the data subject should first be recorded before informing the data subject that the Clerk will contact them for full details of their SAR. The data subject's details and any other information provided by the data subject should be emailed immediately to the Clerk including details of the time and date on which the SAR was made.
  - 5.3.d. The Clerk should respond to you, confirming receipt of the SAR, within two business days of you sending it. If you do not receive a response within this period, you must contact them again to confirm receipt.

## 6. Responding to a Subject Access Request Part 1: Identifying Data Subjects and Clarifying Requests

- 6.1. Before responding to a SAR, all reasonable steps must be taken to verify the identity of the individual making the request and, particularly if the Council is processing a large amount of personal data about them, to clarify their request (i.e. to specify the personal data or processing to which their SAR relates). Information requested for such purposes must be reasonable and proportionate. Individuals must not be asked to provide any more information

than is reasonably necessary, nor can a request for clarification be used to narrow the scope of a SAR.

- 6.2. If additional information is required to confirm an individual's identity, the individual must be informed as soon as possible. If additional information is required, the time limit for responding to a SAR does not begin until that information is received.
  - 6.3. If additional information is required to clarify the SAR, the individual must be informed as soon as possible. If such additional information is required, the time limit for responding to the SAR is paused until a response is received. The time limit is measured in whole days. If, therefore, a response is received on the same day, the time limit for response is unchanged. (Note also the possible extensions to the time limit explained in Part 8, below).
  - 6.4. If a SAR is made by a third party on behalf of a data subject (see Part 4.4), the individual acting on behalf of the data subject must be required to provide sufficient evidence that they are authorised to act on the data subject's behalf.
  - 6.5. Examples of information that may be requested to confirm an individual's identity include (note that formal identity documents should not be requested unless it is necessary to do so):
    - 6.5.a. A copy of the individual's passport;
    - 6.5.b. A copy of the individual's driving licence;
    - 6.5.c. A recent utility bill;
  - 6.6. If, having requested additional information to verify an individual's identity, it is still not possible to do so (if, for example, the individual does not comply), the Council may refuse to comply with a SAR, as set out below in Part 11.
  - 6.7. If, having requested additional information to clarify a SAR, the individual does not comply (e.g. does not respond, or refuses to provide further information), the Council must still endeavour to comply with the SAR by making reasonable searches for the personal data relating to the request. It will also generally be possible to provide some or all the supplementary information required by the Data Protection Legislation (see below in Part 9).
  - 6.8. The Council does not retain personal data for the sole purpose of being able to respond to a potential SAR.
7. Responding to a Subject Access Request Part 2: Fees
- 7.1. Under normal circumstances, the Data Protection Legislation prohibits the charging of a fee for handling a SAR. the Council does not normally charge for SARs.
  - 7.2. In limited cases, it is permissible to charge a 'reasonable fee' in order to cover the administrative costs of complying with a SAR if that SAR is 'manifestly unfounded', 'excessive', or if a data subject requests further copies of their

data following the SAR. In certain cases, it may also be permissible to refuse to comply with a SAR, as set out in Part 11(b).

7.3. The following factors should be considered when calculating a reasonable fee:

7.3.a. Administrative costs involved in:

7.3.a.1. Assessing whether or not the Council is processing the data subject's information;

7.3.a.2. Locating, retrieving, and extracting that information;

7.3.a.3. Providing a copy of the information; and

7.3.a.4. Sending the Council's response to the data subject.

7.3.b. Specific costs to be considered include:

7.3.b.1. Photocopying, printing, postage, and any other costs incurred when sending the information to the data subject;

7.3.b.2. Equipment and supplies; and

7.3.b.3. Staff time.

8. Responding to a Subject Access Request Part 3: Time Limits

8.1. Under normal circumstances, the Council must respond to a SAR 'without undue delay' and, at the latest, within one month of receipt. The date of receipt of all SARs must be recorded, along with the due date for response.

8.2. Under the Data Protection Legislation, the one-month period referred to in Part 8.1 begins on the calendar day – not business day – that the request is received and ends on the corresponding calendar day in the following month (or, if the following month is shorter and does not have a corresponding day (e.g. January 31st to February 28th), the last day of that month). If the last day of the time limit falls on a weekend or bank holiday, the time limit is extended to the next business day.

8.3. If additional information is required from the individual making the SAR to confirm an individual's identity, as under Part 6.2, the time limit under Part 8.1 begins on the day that such information is received.

8.4. If additional information is required from the individual making the SAR to clarify the SAR, as under part 6.3, the time limit under Part 8.1 is paused until the information is received (unless the response is received on the same day, in which case the time limit is not affected).

8.5. If the SAR is complex, or if the same data subject makes a number of SARs, it is permissible to extend the time limit by up to two months. If such an extension is necessary, the data subject must be informed, in writing, of the reason(s) for the extension within the original one-month time limit.

9. Responding to a Subject Access Request Part 4: Information to be Provided

9.1. Data subjects must be provided with the following information in response to a SAR:

- 9.1.a. the purposes for which the Council collects, holds, and processes their personal data;
- 9.1.b. the categories of personal data involved;
- 9.1.c. the recipients or categories of recipient to whom the Council discloses their personal data;
- 9.1.d. details of how long the Council retains their personal data or, if there is no fixed period, our criteria for determining how long it will be retained;
- 9.1.e. details of the data subject's right to ask the Council to rectify or erase their personal data, or to restrict or object to our processing of it;
- 9.1.f. details of the data subject's right to make a complaint to the ICO;
- 9.1.g. if any of the personal data in question was not obtained from the data subject, details of the source of that data;
- 9.1.h. if the Council carries out any automated decision-making (including profiling), details of that automated decision-making, including a meaningful explanation of the logic involved and the significance and envisaged consequences for the data subject (also see Part 9.2); and
- 9.1.i. if the Council transfers their personal data to a third country or international organisation, details of the safeguards in place to protect that data.

9.2. In cases where a SAR relates to automated decision-making, the following shall apply:

- 9.2.a. Where a SAR relates to the logic underlying an automated decision that has been taken with respect to important matters relating to the data subject, the data subject must be provided with an explanation of the logic involved, subject to the following conditions:
  - 9.2.a.1. the decision-making process in question must be solely automated (i.e. there must be no human involvement in the process); and
  - 9.2.a.2. the information should be provided in such a way as to protect the Council's intellectual property rights and trade secrets.

9.2.b. The data subject may also request information related to the automated decision itself, they may seek to exercise the right to human intervention (i.e. for the Council to appoint a person to review the automated decision), to express their own point of view about the decision, and/or to contest it. If a data subject making a SAR seeks to exercise their rights with respect to automated decisions, the Clerk shall handle the same in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation.

9.3. The information set out in Parts 9.1 and 9.2 must be provided:

9.3.a. in a concise, transparent, intelligible, and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language;

9.3.b. in writing; and

9.3.c. if the data subject has made the SAR electronically, in a commonly-used electronic format (unless the data subject requests otherwise;

9.4. It is important to note that data subjects are only entitled to access personal data that the Council holds about them. If information located in the process of responding to a SAR does not meet the definition of "personal data" (see Part 1), the Data Protection Legislation does not entitle the data subject to access it. In certain cases, it may be necessary to separate personal data from non-personal data when responding to a SAR.

## 10. Responding to a Subject Access Request Part 5: Locating Information

10.1. The Council holds personal data in the following locations and/or systems. It is important to identify the type(s) of personal data to which a SAR relates in order to search in the correct place:

10.1.a. Office 365 for all computer files and emails

10.1.b. Paper filing cabinets and files for paper based record

10.1.c. Realtis accounting software

10.1.d. The County council for payroll and pensions

10.2. The Data Protection Legislation requires the Council to make 'reasonable efforts' to find and retrieve personal data in response to a SAR. The right of access is not limited to that information which is easy to find.

## 11. Refusing to Respond to a Subject Access Request

11.1. In certain cases, it is permissible for the Council to refuse to comply with a SAR:

11.1.a. If it is not possible to identify the individual making the SAR after requesting additional verification under Part 6.2; or

11.1.b. if the request is 'manifestly unfounded' or 'manifestly excessive', taking into account a range of factors including (but not limited to) whether the request is repetitive in nature, the nature of the information requested, the context of the request, and the relationship between the Council and the individual making the request. In such cases, it is also possible to request a 'reasonable fee' to handle it, as set out in Part 7.2.

11.2. If either of the above grounds applies, the Council's refusal to comply with the SAR must be justified and an explanation must be provided to the individual making the SAR within one calendar month after receiving the SAR. The individual must also be informed of their right to complain to the ICO and of the possibility of seeking a judicial remedy.

11.3. Certain exemptions to the right of access are also included in the Data Protection Legislation. Please refer to Part 12 for more information.

## 12. Exemptions to the Right of Access

12.1. The Data Protection Legislation provides a number of exemptions which apply to SARs and therefore justify the Council refusing to comply with a SAR. Those most likely to be applicable within the Council are situations in which the personal data in question is:

12.1.a. subject to legal or litigation privilege; or

12.1.b. purely personal or exists for a household activity; or

12.1.c. a reference given (or to be given) in confidence for purposes of employment, training, or education; or

12.1.d. is processed for management forecasting or management planning purposes in relation to a business or other activity (but only to the extent that complying with the SAR would prejudice the conduct of the business or activity); or

12.1.e. consists of records of intentions with respect to negotiations between employer and employee (but only to the extent that complying with the SAR would prejudice such negotiations); or

12.1.f. contains personal data concerning a third party; or

12.1.g. is of a type likely to prejudice the prevention or detection of a crime, or the apprehension or prosecution of offenders if it is disclosed.

12.2. Additional exemptions relate to more specific (and generally public) matters such as national security. If any concerns or questions arise with respect to exemptions which may or may not apply during the process of handling a SAR (including, but not limited to those set out above), those questions should be referred to the Clerk.

### 13. Erasure or Disposal of Personal Data

- 13.1. If any personal data relevant to a SAR is amended, deleted, or otherwise disposed of between the time at which a SAR is received and the time at which a response is made, the Council is able to take this into account in our response provided that amendment, deletion, or disposal would have been made irrespective of our receipt of the SAR in question.
- 13.2. The Right of Access does not, therefore, prevent the Council from managing personal data in accordance with normal procedures, in particular those set out in our Privacy Notice. It is not, however, permissible to amend, delete, or otherwise dispose of data as an alternative to complying with a SAR.

### 14. Failure to Comply with this Policy

- 14.1. Compliance with the Data Protection Legislation is of vital importance to the Council. If we fail to comply with a SAR within the required time limit or fail to provide a data subject with access to the personal data that we hold about them, we will be in breach of our obligations under the Data Protection Legislation.
- 14.2. Failing to comply with the Data Protection Legislation may put the data subject at risk. It may also result in the following consequences for the Council:
  - 14.2.a. the data subject reporting the Council to the ICO, resulting in an investigation by the ICO;
  - 14.2.b. enforcement action taken against the Council which may result in civil and/or criminal sanctions for the Council and, in certain cases, the individual responsible for the breach;
  - 14.2.c. if the data subject has suffered damage and/or distress as a result of the Council's breach, the data subject may seek further legal remedies such as damages against the Council; and
  - 14.2.d. a court may order the Council to comply with the SAR in any event if the Council is found to have failed in its compliance with the Data Protection Legislation.
- 14.3. Failure by any member or member of staff to comply with this Policy may result in disciplinary action.

### 15. Policy Review

- 15.1. This Policy will be reviewed on an annual basis. The Clerk shall be responsible for reviewing this Policy.

### 16. Implementation of Policy

This Policy shall be deemed effective as of 26/04/2022. No part of this Policy shall have retroactive effect and shall thus apply only to matters occurring on or after this date.

This Policy has been approved and authorised by:

Name: G C Burt

Position: Clerk to the Council

Date: **26/04/2022**

Due for Review by: **25/04/2023**

Signature:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Greg Burt', with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

**Billingshurst Parish Council****Privacy Notice**

Billingshurst Parish Council understands that your privacy is important to you and that you care about how your personal data is used. We respect and value the privacy of everyone and will only collect and use personal data in ways that are described here, and in a way that is consistent with our obligations and your rights under the law.

**1. Information About us**

Billingshurst Parish Council  
Billingshurst Centre  
Roman Way  
Billingshurst  
West Sussex  
RH14 9QW

Phone: 01403 782555

Email: [council@billingshurst.gov.uk](mailto:council@billingshurst.gov.uk)

**2. What Does This Notice Cover?**

This Privacy Information explains how we use your personal data: how it is collected, how it is held, and how it is processed. It also explains your rights under the law relating to your personal data.

**3. What Is Personal Data?**

Personal data is defined by the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018 (collectively, "the Data Protection Legislation") as 'any information relating to an identifiable person who can be directly or indirectly identified in particular by reference to an identifier'.

Personal data is, in simpler terms, any information about you that enables you to be identified. Personal data covers obvious information such as your name and contact details, but it also covers less obvious information such as identification numbers, electronic location data, and other online identifiers.

The personal data that we use is set out in Part 5, below.

**4. What Are My Rights?**

4.1. Under the Data Protection Legislation, you have the following rights, which we will always work to uphold:

4.1.a. The right to be informed about our collection and use of your personal data. This Privacy Notice should tell you everything you

need to know, but you can always contact us to find out more or to ask any questions using the details in Part 11.

- 4.1.b. The right to access the personal data we hold about you. Part 10 will tell you how to do this.
- 4.1.c. The right to have your personal data rectified if any of your personal data held by us is inaccurate or incomplete. Please contact us using the details in Part 11 to find out more.
- 4.1.d. The right to be forgotten, i.e. the right to ask us to delete or otherwise dispose of any of your personal data that we hold. Please contact us using the details in Part 11 to find out more.
- 4.1.e. The right to restrict (i.e. prevent) the processing of your personal data.
- 4.1.f. The right to object to us using your personal data for a particular purpose or purposes.
- 4.1.g. The right to withdraw consent. This means that, if we are relying on your consent as the legal basis for using your personal data, you are free to withdraw that consent at any time.
- 4.1.h. The right to data portability. This means that, if you have provided personal data to us directly, we are using it with your consent or for the performance of a contract, and that data is processed using automated means, you can ask us for a copy of that personal data to re-use with another service or business in many cases.
- 4.1.i. Rights relating to automated decision-making and profiling. we do not use your personal data in this way.
- 4.2. For more information about our use of your personal data or exercising your rights as outlined above, please contact us using the details provided in Part 11.
- 4.3. It is important that your personal data is kept accurate and up-to-date. If any of the personal data we hold about you changes, please keep us informed as long as we have that data
- 4.4. Further information about your rights can also be obtained from the Information Commissioner's Office or your local Citizens Advice Bureau.
- 4.5. If you have any cause for complaint about our use of your personal data, you have the right to lodge a complaint with the Information Commissioner's Office. we would welcome the opportunity to resolve your concerns ourselves, however, so please contact us first, using the details in Part 11.

## **5. What Personal Data Do You Collect and How?**

- 5.1. We may collect and hold some or all of the personal and non-personal data set out in the table below, using the methods also set out in the table.

Data Collected	How we Collect the Data
Your image	Direct from you
Identity information for example your name	Direct from you
Contact details for example your address, phone number, email address or social media names	Direct from you
Financial information such as your bank details	Direct from you
DBS Records or records of criminal offence data	Direct from you or shared with us by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A DBS checking service</li> </ul>
Councillors register of interests, for example any disclosable pecuniary interests, and any other of personal interests which the council has determined should be registered.	Direct from you (if you are a councilor)
Special Category Data which is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin;</li> <li>• personal data revealing political opinions;</li> <li>• personal data revealing religious or philosophical beliefs;</li> <li>• personal data revealing trade union membership;</li> <li>• genetic data;</li> <li>• biometric data (where used for identification purposes);</li> <li>• data concerning health;</li> <li>• data concerning a person's sex life; and</li> <li>• data concerning a person's sexual orientation.</li> </ul>	Direct from you

## 6. How Do You Use My Personal Data?

- 6.1. Under the Data Protection Legislation, we must always have a lawful basis for using personal data. The following table describes how we will use your personal data, and our lawful bases for doing so:

What we Do	What Data we Use	Lawful Basis
Maintaining the councils accounts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Financial information</li> </ul>	Legal obligation

CCTV in the community centre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your image</li> </ul>	Legitimate interest
Contract tenders and administration of contracts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Financial information</li> </ul>	Contract
The council's human resources	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Financial information</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Contract
The council's payroll and pensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Financial information</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Legal obligation
Administration of community centre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Financial information</li> </ul>	Contract
e-newsletter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> </ul>	Consent
Photographs of groups for publicity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your image</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Legitimate interest
Photographs of small number of Individuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Your image</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Consent
Running Surveys	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Consent
Administration of volunteering programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• DBS Records</li> <li>• Special category data</li> <li>• Criminal offence data</li> </ul>	Consent
Recordings of meetings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Image</li> </ul>	Legal Obligation
Correspondence with the council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact information</li> </ul>	Legal obligation, public interest task
Records about our Councillors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Register of interests</li> <li>• Criminal offence data</li> <li>• Special category data</li> </ul>	Legal obligation
Record keeping and function of council meetings, minutes and agendas, committee papers etc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identity information</li> <li>• Contact details</li> <li>• Image</li> </ul>	Legal Obligation

- 6.2. With your permission and/or where permitted by law, we may also use your personal data for marketing purposes, which may include contacting you by email with information or news about our activities and services. You will not be sent any unlawful marketing or spam. We will always work to fully protect your rights and comply with our obligations under the Data Protection

Legislation and the Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2003, and you will always have the opportunity to opt-out.

- 6.3. We will only use your personal data for the purpose(s) for which it was originally collected unless we reasonably believe that another purpose is compatible with that or those original purpose(s) and need to use your personal data for that purpose. If we do use your personal data in this way and you wish us to explain how the new purpose is compatible with the original, please contact us using the details in Part 11.
- 6.4. If we need to use your personal data for a purpose that is unrelated to, or incompatible with, the purpose(s) for which it was originally collected, we will inform you and explain the legal basis which allows us to do so.
- 6.5. In some circumstances, where permitted or required by law, we may process your personal data without your knowledge or consent. This will only be done within the bounds of the Data Protection Legislation and your legal rights.

## **7. How Long Will You Keep My Personal Data?**

- 7.1. We will not keep your personal data for any longer than is necessary in light of the reason(s) for which it was first collected. Your personal data will therefore be kept for the following periods (or, where there is no fixed period, the following factors will be used to determine how long it is kept):

Purpose of Keeping Your Data	How Long we Keep It
Maintaining the council's accounts	6 Years from relevant transaction
CCTV in the community centre	30 days
Contract tenders and administration of contracts	6 Years from relevant transaction
The council's human resources	6 Years from employment end
The council's payroll and pensions	6 Years from employment end
Administration of community centre	6 Years from relevant transaction
e-newsletter	1 Year from last contact
Photographs of groups for publicity	Indefinite
Photographs of small number of Individuals	Indefinite
Running Surveys	1 Year from survey end
Administration of volunteering programs	6 Years from end
Recordings of meetings	Until the next meeting of the same committee or council
Correspondence with the council	1 Year from last contact
Records about our Councillors	For length of council term
Record keeping and function of council meetings, minutes and agendas, committee papers etc	Indefinite

## **8. How and Where Do You Store or Transfer My Personal Data?**

- 8.1. We will store some of your personal data in the UK. This means that it will be fully protected under the Data Protection Legislation.

8.2. We will store some of your personal data within the European Economic Area (the "EEA"). The EEA consists of all EU member states, plus Norway, Iceland, and Liechtenstein. This means that your personal data will be fully protected under the EU GDPR and/or to equivalent standards by law. Transfers of personal data to the EEA from the UK are permitted without additional safeguards.

8.3. We may store some of your personal data in countries outside of the UK. These are known as "third countries". we will take additional steps in order to ensure that your personal data is treated just as safely and securely as it would be within the UK and under the Data Protection Legislation as follows:

8.3.a. We will store or transfer personal data in or to countries that are deemed to provide an adequate level of protection for personal data. For further information about adequacy decisions and adequacy regulations, please refer to the Information Commissioner's Office.

8.3.b. We will use specific approved contracts which ensure the same levels of personal data protection that apply under the Data Protection Legislation. For further information, please refer to the Information Commissioner's Office.

8.4. Please contact us using the details below in Part 11 for further information about the particular data protection safeguards used by us when transferring your personal data to a third country.

8.5. The security of your personal data is essential to us, and to protect your data, we take a number of important measures, including the following:

8.5.a. limiting access to your personal data to those council members, employees, agents, contractors, and other third parties with a legitimate need to know and ensuring that they are subject to duties of confidentiality;

8.5.b. procedures for dealing with data breaches (the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, your personal data) including notifying you and/or the Information Commissioner's Office where we are legally required to do so;

## **9. Do You Share My Personal Data?**

9.1. If we merge all or part of our council or any of its business or assets, your personal data may be transferred to a third party. Any new authority may continue to use your personal data in the same way(s) that we have used it, as specified in this Privacy Notice.

9.2. In some limited circumstances, we may be legally required to share certain personal data, which might include yours, if we are involved in legal

proceedings or complying with legal obligations, a court order, or the instructions of a government authority.

- 9.3. We may sometimes need to share your data with the following third parties to enable us to fulfil our obligations.

Recipient	Activity Carried Out	Sector	Location
Insurance company	Insurance	Financial services	UK
DBS	Running voluntary services and giving help to vulnerable people	Public authority / Government	UK
HMRC	Payroll	Public authority / Government	UK
Pension provider	Pensions	Financial services	UK
Press and Social Media	Publicity	Media	UK
Law enforcement or similar competent authority	Law enforcement	Law enforcement	UK

- 9.4. If any of your personal data is shared with a third party, as described above, we will take steps to ensure that your personal data is handled safely, securely, and in accordance with your rights, our obligations, and the third party's obligations under the law, as described above in Part 8.

- 9.5. If any personal data is transferred outside of the UK, we will take suitable steps in order to ensure that your personal data is treated just as safely and securely as it would be within the UK and under the Data Protection Legislation, as explained above in Part 8.

## 10. How Can I Access My Personal Data?

- 10.1. If you want to know what personal data we have about you, you can ask us for details of that personal data and for a copy of it (where any such personal data is held). This is known as a "subject access request".
- 10.2. All subject access requests should ideally be made in writing and sent to the email or postal addresses shown in Part 11.
- 10.3. There is not normally any charge for a subject access request. If your request is 'manifestly unfounded or excessive' (for example, if you make repetitive requests) a fee may be charged to cover our administrative costs in responding.
- 10.4. We will respond to your subject access request within one month of receiving it. Normally, we aim to provide a complete response, including a copy of your

personal data within that time. In some cases, however, particularly if your request is more complex, more time may be required up to a maximum of three months from the date we receive your request. You will be kept fully informed of our progress.

## **11. How Do I Contact You?**

- 11.1. To contact us about anything to do with your personal data and data protection, including to make a subject access request, please use the following details:

Billingshurst Parish Council  
Billingshurst Centre  
Roman Way  
Billingshurst  
West Sussex  
RH14 9QW

Phone: 01403 782555  
Email: [council@billingshurst.gov.uk](mailto:council@billingshurst.gov.uk)

## **12. Changes to this Privacy Notice**

- 12.1. We may change this Privacy Notice from time to time. This may be necessary, for example, if the law changes, or if we change our business in a way that affects personal data protection.
- 12.2. Any changes will be made available on the Parish Website and at the Parish Council offices at the above address.
- 12.3. This Privacy Notice was last updated in April 2022.

**BILLINGSHURST PARISH COUNCIL**

**WORKING PRACTICES COMMITTEE**

**WEDNESDAY 18 MAY 2022**

**NEIGHBOURHOOD WARDENS ACCOMMODATION**

**REPORT BY CLERK**

**FOR DECISION**

The Neighbourhood Wardens, although employed by Horsham District Council, are entirely funded by the Parish Council and it is incumbent upon the parish to accommodate them. As their initial appointment was somewhat rushed, the only accommodation that was free in the parish was the changing rooms at the Billingshurst Centre where they have been based since Spring 2018.

Whilst offering some privacy, it is unheated, has no windows, has poor WIFI and they often have to de-camp when the Changing Rooms are required by other hirers.

With no alternatives available, I have been considering the use of the current stationery/filing room in the upstairs Parish Office as a possible new home for the Wardens.

The Parish Office suite is more than adequate for the use of the Council and with some modest rearrangement of furniture, combined with long-overdue disposing of old files and paperwork etc, the Wardens can be easily accommodated here.

The Wardens already work very closely with Parish Council officers and having in them in an adjacent room makes operational sense. Colleagues in the office have been invited to give comments and no objections have been raised. Both Wardens and their Supervisor are supportive. Apparently, the Pulborough Wardens are also based in their Parish Council office. Wardens will continue to meet and greet residents in the Centre foyer.

Bar some minor decorating to freshen up the space, the only notable expense that is required is the provision of a window in the rear wall, and possibly a new fire-compliant door, which could be funded by CIL.

The Committee is invited to support the relocation of Neighbourhood Wardens to the Parish Office as outlined and request the F&GP Committee to support the release of CIL funds for the insertion of a window etc. in due course.

(If any Cllr wishes to view the intended space, please pop in during normal office hours.)